Components of the



Worldwide LHC Computing Grid

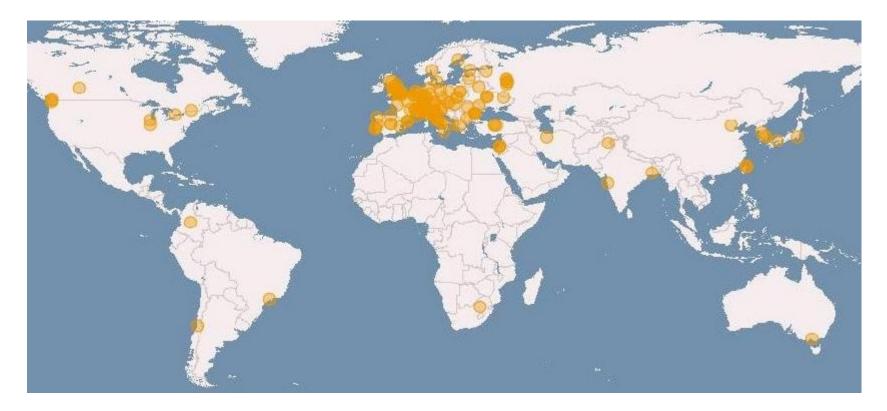
in Hungary

Csaba Hajdu

RECFA meeting Budapest, 04.10.2013



Worldwide LHC Computing Grid sites



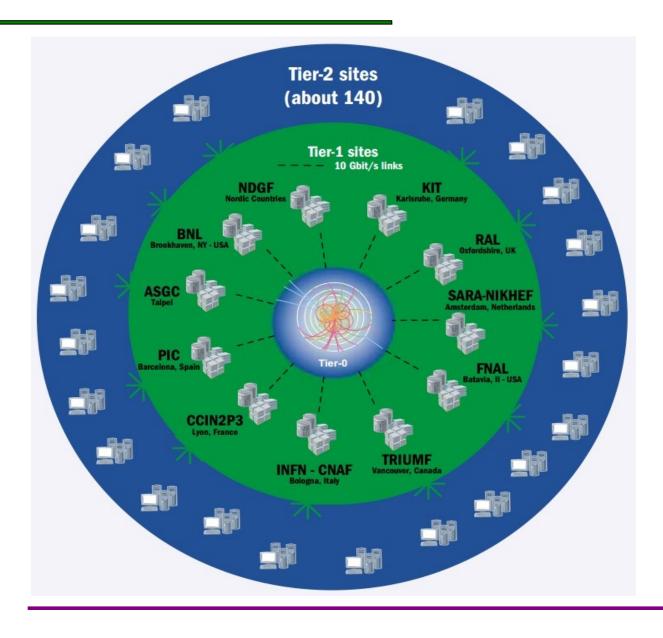
Electric power grid: we don't care which power plant supplies us

WLCG: users want results quickly, and don't care where the data and processors are

Distributed computing facility for storing, processing and analysing the \sim 15PB data produced annually by the LHC

Presentlty installed capacity : ~ 180 PB tape ~ 200 PB disk ~ 450000 CPU cores

Tier structure: T0 – T1 – T2 – T3



TO storage of raw data first copy first pass data reconstruction data distribution to T1s reprocessing data during LHC shutdowns

- T1 raw data backups storage of reconstucted data storage of simulation data produced at T2 data reprocessing
- T2 user analysis jobs MC production central commitments, but no 24/24 intervention required
- T3 local clusters with no central commitments T3_HU_Debrecen (under certification)

T0: originally the CERN Computing Center from mid 2013: CERN + Wigner RCP

splitting is technically possible data travels ~1000 km operation costs are lower in Budapest

PhD student @ Wigner: the T0 could just as well be on the Moon unfortunalely people deciding about funding don't really get this point...

more about the T0 during the tour

T1: ~12 large sites, tape storage not in Hungary (yet? 🙂)

T2_HU_Budapest

2003 7th site to join WLCG 50 cores (32bit) + 1.8 TB



2013

~600 cores (64bit) + 290 TB



(machines from 2007 are still in production...)

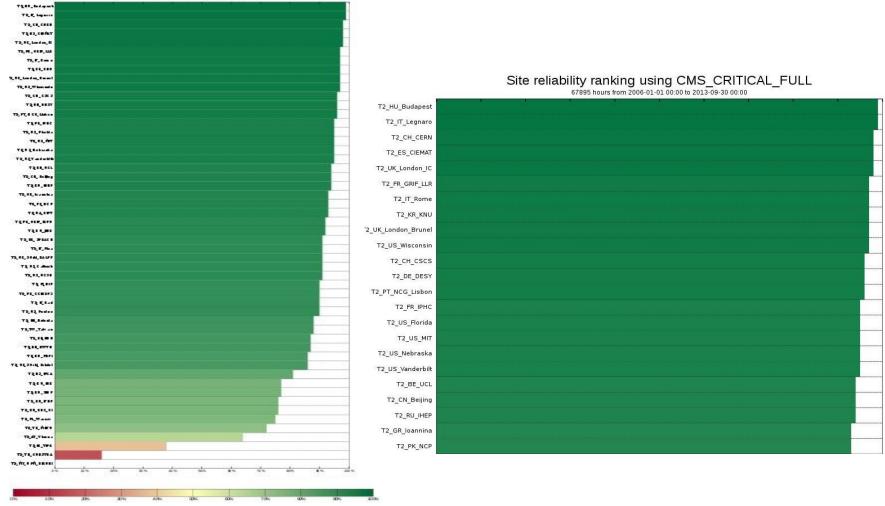
Supported VOs: Alice, CMS 1/3 – 2/3

Hungrid – not WLCG, globally less than 1% of our resources if someone needs 100 cores for a day, he has a chance to get it

Staff: 3~4 peak, 1.5 now we are probably the T2 with the smallest staff

Cooling and UPS system recently reconstructed 10 Gbit external connection in a few months

Needed: replacement + new CPUs and storage internal networking upgrade



Site reliability ranking using CMS_CRITICAL_FULL